



© Carlisle Fluid Technologies, Inc. PRODUCT RELATED HEALTH DATA SHEET

### **1. IDENTIFICATION of the SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE and of the COMPANY**

Product Name:	DeWipe-Outs™ Pre-saturated Wipes containing Low VOC Cleaner
Part Number:	Part No. 803418
Product Description:	Lint-free, pre-saturated prep wipe.
SDS #:	SDS-60 Revision #: 3.0.2
DATE REVISED	02/17/2019 DATE PREPARED: 07/21/2015
Chemical Formula:	Proprietary Wipe fabric, Acetone, Isopropyl Alcohol, Dipropylene Glycol
	Monomethyl Ether, and Deionized Water.
CAS Number:	See Section #3, below
Article Code:	3215
General Use:	Use this wipe to clean and remove dust, dirt, residue, and static from surfaces to be
	painted.

### **Company Information:**

### Carlisle Fluid Technologies, Inc. 16430 North Scottsdale Road

### Scottsdale, AZ 85254

Technical service number 1-888-992-4657

**Emergency telephone number Emergency Number - INFOTRAC EMERGENCY PHONE (24 HOURS):** 1-800-535-5053

Technical service EuropeTel: +44 (0)1202 571 111

The National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) Deutsche hotline - 0800 7238996 (Kostenfrei innerhalb Deutschlands) oder +44 (0)1235 753 148

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Label elements Hazard pictograms:



Signal word:	DANGER!
GHS Class:	Flammable liquid, Category 2 Eye Irritant, Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure, Category 3
Hazard statements:	H225 – Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H319 – Causes serious eye irritation. H336 – May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionarystatements:	<ul> <li>P210 – Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames – No smoking.</li> <li>P243 – Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P370 – IN CASE OF FIRE: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide to extinguish small fires. Use water for large fires.</li> <li>P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</li> <li>P261 – Avoid breathing vapors.</li> <li>P403 + 233 – Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P501 – Dispose of contents/container in accordance with Local, State, Federal, and Provincial regulations.</li> <li>P305 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>P304 – IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.</li> </ul>



PRODUCT NAME: DeWipe-Outs<sup>™</sup> Low VOC SDS#: SDS-60



	P312 – Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P303 = 361 + 353 – IF ON SKIN OR HAIR: Remove/Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse skin with water or shower.
Emergency Overview: Route of Exposure: Potential Health Effects	DANGER! Flammable. Irritant. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Eyes. Skin. Inhalation.
Eye contact:	Can cause moderate irritation, burning sensation, tearing, redness, and swelling. Overexposure may cause lacrimation, conjunctivitis, corneal damage, and permanent injury.
Skin contact:	May cause skin irritation; itching, redness, rashes, hives, burning, and swelling.
Inhalation:	Inhalation of vapors, fumes, or mists of the product may be irritating to the respiratory system. Excessive exposure may cause dizziness, headache, and anesthetic effects.
Ingestion:	May cause irritation; a burning sensation of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract, and abdominal pain.
Chronic Effects:	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause burning associated with severe reddening, swelling, and possible tissue destruction.
Signs and Symptoms:	Overexposure may cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting.
Target Organs:	Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system. Digestive system. Central nervous system.
Medical Conditions Aggrava	ted by Long-Term Exposure: Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, asthma, allergies, or known sensitization may be more susceptible to the effects of this

product.

## **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Name	% Vol	CAS Number	EC Number
Acetone	75	67-64-1	200-662-2
Isopropyl Alcohol	2	67-63-0	200-661-7
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	1	34590-94-8	252-104-2
Deionized Water	22	7732-18-5	231-791-2

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact:	IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for at least 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation:	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact:	IF ON SKIN OR HAIR: Remove/take off all contaminated clothing. Immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water for 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation develops or persists, seek medical attention.
Ingestion:	IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Provide a glass of water to dilute the material in the stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have the person lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Call the POISON CONTROL CENTER or a doctor/physician immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Other First Aid:	Due to possible aspiration into the lungs, DO NOT induce vomiting if ingested.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: Autoignition Temperature: Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit: Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit: 13.3°C / 56°F. 465°C / 837°F. 2.5% by volume 7.0% by volume



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Suitable extinguishing media: Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Use dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Do not use a solid water stream. Use of solid stream of water may spread fire.			
Protective equipment:	In the event of a fire, wear appropriate full protective gear and a Self- Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) in accordance with NIOSH, NFPA, and/or EN 137 guidelines, with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.			
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	s: Material burns with an invisible flame.			
Hazardous Combustion Byproducts:	Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, and other organic substances may be formed.			
Universal Fire and Explosion Hazards	<b>ds</b> :Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation to locations distant from the point of material handling or release.			
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Use cold water spray to cool fire exposed containers in order to minimize risk of rupture. Do not enter confined space without full protective gear. If possible, contain fire run-off water.			
NFPA Rating:	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0			
HMIS Rating:	See Section 15.			

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personnel Precautions:	Evacuate the area and keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the spill area.
Environmental precautions:	Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways. Comply with all governmental regulations regarding the reporting of chemical releases.
Methods for containment:	Spills are very unlikely, because the wiper fabric has absorbed the liquid solvent solution. In the event of a spill, contain with an inert absorbent material.
Methods for Cleanup:	Absorb spill with an inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place into a chemical waste container. Provide ventilation. Collect spill with a non-sparking tool. Clean up spills immediately observing precautions in the protective equipment section. After removal, flush spill area with soap and water to remove trace residue.
	Material is flammable. Eliminate ignition sources. Vapors can form an ignitable mixture with air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back. Ventilate area. Use proper personal protective equipment as listed in section 8.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:	Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors, aerosol, or mist. Use only in accordance with the directions. Do not reuse containers without proper cleaning or reconditioning.
Storage:	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of heat, combustible materials, direct sunlight, and incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.
Protective measures:	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Special Handling Procedures	<b>:</b> Hazardous liquid or vapor residue may remain in emptied container. Do not reuse, heat, burn, pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, expose to sparks / flame / other ignition sources without proper cleaning and reconditioning.





### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters					
Exposure Guidelines:	Acetone:	<b>TIN ( T) ( ( )</b>	500		
	ACIGH:	TLV-TWA:	500 ppm		
	OSHA:	TLV-STEL: PEL-TWA:	750 ppm 1000 ppm		
	OONA.				
	Isopropyl Alcohol:				
	ACGIH:	TLV-TWA:	200 ppm		
		TLV-STEL:	400 ppm		
	OSHA:	PEL-TWA:	400 ppm		
	Dipropylene G	lycol Monomethy	/I Ether:		
	ACIGH:	TLV-TWA:	100 ppm		
		TLV-STEL:	150 ppm		
		Skin:	Yes		
	OSHA:	PEL-TWA:	100 ppm		
		PEL-STEL:	150 ppm		
		Skin:	Yes		
Exposure controls					
Appropriate engineering:			ontrol measures such as process enclosures, local		
			gineering controls to control airborne levels below		
	recommended exposure limits. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable				
	personal protective equipment which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or				
	other recognized standards. Consult with local professionals for selection, training,				
Developed Drotection Fruinme	inspection, and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.				
Personal Protection Equipme		with aida abiald	a must be were at all times. If aplach be zord evicts		
Eye Protection:			s must be worn at all times. If splash hazard exists, and/or face shield.		
Skin Protection:					
	Wear appropriate chemically resistant gloves and other apparel to prevent skin contact. Consult glove manufacturer for permeability data.				
<b>Respiratory Protection:</b>	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Std. EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits				
Respiratory Protection.	are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Comply with OSHA				
			9 CFR 1910.134 or European Std. EN 149. Use a		
			spirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled		
			t known, or any circumstances where air purifying		
			quate protection.		
Other Protective:			material should be equipped with an eyewash		
	facility and a sa				
PPE Pictograms:					
			dlb		
	(-1)				

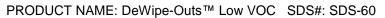
### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Note: Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm). Data represent typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

Physical state:	Solid with impregnated liquid	
Color:	White wipe, colorless liquid.	
Odor:	Like acetone / nail polish remover.	
Appearance:	Looks like a wet cloth.	
pH:	Neutral	
Freezing point:	Not determined	
Boiling point:	69.4°C (157°F).	
Flash point:	13.3°C / 56°F.	







Flammability (solid, gas):	Highly flammable.
Upper/lower flammability or ex	xplosive limits: No data.
Vapor pressure:	not determined
Vapor density:	1.5 (water = 1.0)
Evaporation Rate:	4 (water = 1)
Percent volatile	100%
Relative density:	Not determined
Solubility in Water:	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol	/water: No data.
Auto-ignition temperature:	465°C / 837°F.
Decomposition temperature:	No data.
Viscosity:	Not determined
Specific gravity (water=1):	0.862 g/cm3 @20°C (68°F)

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical stability: Hazardous polymerization: Conditions to avoid: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures. Not reported. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, and other ignition sources. Avoid incompatible materials, oxidizers, and oxidizing conditions.

Incompatible materials:

Oxidizing agents. Strong acids and alkalis.

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Acetone			
Eye:	Eye – Human Std. Draize Test:	500 pp	m
	Eye – Rabbit Std. Draize Test:		/24 hrs.
	Eye – Rabbit Std. Draize Test:	10µL	
	Eye – Human Std. Draize Test:	186,30	10 ppm
	Eye – Rabbit Std. Draize Test:	20 mg	
Skin:	Administration onto the skin – Rabbit:		20 mL/kg
	Administration onto the skin – Guinea F	Pig:	>9400 µL/kg [Details of toxic effects not
			reported other than lethal dose value]
	Administration onto the skin – Mouse:		31.6 µg/kg/2W (intermittent) [Biochemical
			<ul> <li>Metabolism (intermediary) - Other]</li> </ul>
	Administration onto the skin – Rabbit:		395 mg
	Administration onto the skin – Rabbit:		500 mg/24H
Inhalation:		etails of	toxic effects not reported other than lethal
	dose value]		
		H [Details	s of toxic effects not reported other than
	lethal dose value]		of toxic effects not reported other than
		Details	or toxic enects not reported other than
Ingestion:	lethal dose value] Oral Bat I D50: 5800 mg/kg [Dotails of	of toxic of	ffects not reported other than lethal dose
ingestion.	value]		nects not reported other than lethal dose
		ral <sup>.</sup> Alter	ed sleep time (including change in righting
	reflex), Behavioral: Tremor]		
		f toxic ef	fects not reported other than lethal dose
	value]		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Isopropyl Alcohol			
Eye contact:	Eye – Rabbit Std. Draize Test: 100 mg		
-	Eye – Rabbit Std. Draize Test: 10 mg		
	Eye - Rabbit Std. Draize Test: 100 mg/	′24 hr. (R	RTECS)
Skin contact:	Administration onto the skin – Rabbit S	td. Draiz	e Test: 500 mg
	Administration onto the skin – Rabbit Ll	D50: 128	300 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not
	reported other than lethal dose value] (		
Inhalation:	Inhalation – Rat LC50: 16000 ppm/8 hr	. [Details	of toxic effects not reported other than
	lethal dose value]	•	
		° [Behav	ioral: General anesthetic Lungs, Thorax, or
	Respiration – Other changes]		
	Inhalation – Rat LC50: 72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [B	ehaviora	al: General anesthetic Lungs, Thorax, or
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	Respiration – Other changes] (RTECS)	
Ingestion:		al: Altered sleep time (including change in righting
5	reflex), Behavioral: Somnolescence (ge	
		vioral: Altered sleep time (including change in
	righting reflex), Behavioral: Somnolesce	
	Oral – Mouse LD50: 3600 mg/kg [Beha	
	Oral – Rat LD50: 5000 mg/kg [Behavior	
Skin contact:	Administration onto the skin – Rabbit St	
okin oontaot.		D50: 12800 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not
	reported other than lethal dose value] (F	
Dipropylene Glycol M		(1203)
Eye:	Eye – Rabbit Std. Draize Test:	500 mg/24 hrs.
Skin:	Skin – Rabbit Open Irritation Test:	500mg [mild] (RTECS)
Skill.	Skin – Rabbit LD50:	10mL/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported
	Skill – Kabbit ED30.	other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Induction	Oral Pat   D50: 5.5 ml /kg [Datails of t	
Ingestion:		oxic effects not reported other than lethal dose
Ingestion:	value] (RTECS)	oxic effects not reported other than lethal dose
Ingestion:		oxic effects not reported other than lethal dose
	value] (RTECS)	oxic effects not reported other than lethal dose
Complete Product	value] (RTECS) <b>12. ECOLOGICAL IN</b>	oxic effects not reported other than lethal dose
	value] (RTECS)	oxic effects not reported other than lethal dose
Complete Product Ecotoxicity: Environmental Fate:	value] (RTECS) <b>12. ECOLOGICAL IN</b> No ecotoxicity data is available.	oxic effects not reported other than lethal dose
Complete Product Ecotoxicity: Environmental Fate: Isopropyl Alcohol	value] (RTECS) <b>12. ECOLOGICAL IN</b> No ecotoxicity data is available. No environmental fate data is available.	oxic effects not reported other than lethal dose
Complete Product Ecotoxicity: Environmental Fate:	value] (RTECS) <b>12. ECOLOGICAL IN</b> No ecotoxicity data is available. No environmental fate data is available. LC50; Species: 1,400,000 µg/L for 48 h	r. – Species: Crangon crangon (Common Shrimp)
Complete Product Ecotoxicity: Environmental Fate: Isopropyl Alcohol	value] (RTECS) <b>12. ECOLOGICAL IN</b> No ecotoxicity data is available. No environmental fate data is available. LC50; Species: 1,400,000 µg/L for 48 h LC50; 10,000,000 µg/L for 24 hr. – Species:	r. – Species: Crangon crangon (Common Shrimp) cies: Daphnia magna (Water Flea)
Complete Product Ecotoxicity: Environmental Fate: Isopropyl Alcohol	value] (RTECS) <b>12. ECOLOGICAL IN</b> No ecotoxicity data is available. No environmental fate data is available. LC50; Species: 1,400,000 µg/L for 48 h LC50; 10,000,000 µg/L for 24 hr. – Species: LD50; >5000 mg/L for 24 hr. – Species:	r. – Species: Crangon crangon (Common Shrimp) cies: Daphnia magna (Water Flea) Cassius auratus (Goldfish)
Complete Product Ecotoxicity: Environmental Fate: Isopropyl Alcohol	value] (RTECS) <b>12. ECOLOGICAL IN</b> No ecotoxicity data is available. No environmental fate data is available. LC50; Species: 1,400,000 µg/L for 48 h LC50; 10,000,000 µg/L for 24 hr. – Species: LD50; >5000 mg/L for 24 hr. – Species: LC50; 11,130 mg/L for 48 hr. – Species:	r. – Species: Crangon crangon (Common Shrimp) cies: Daphnia magna (Water Flea) Cassius auratus (Goldfish) : Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnows)
Complete Product Ecotoxicity: Environmental Fate: Isopropyl Alcohol Ecotoxicity:	value] (RTECS) <b>12. ECOLOGICAL IN</b> No ecotoxicity data is available. No environmental fate data is available. LC50; Species: 1,400,000 µg/L for 48 h LC50; 10,000,000 µg/L for 24 hr. – Species: LD50; >5000 mg/L for 24 hr. – Species:	r. – Species: Crangon crangon (Common Shrimp) cies: Daphnia magna (Water Flea) Cassius auratus (Goldfish) : Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnows) very high mobility through soil.

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

The generator of a waste is always responsible for making proper hazardous waste determinations and needs to consider state and local requirements in addition to federal regulations.

### Waste treatment methods

Methods of disposal:	Consult with the US EPA guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 263.1 or the EU Directive 2008/98/EC on waste for the classifications of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your local, regional / provincial / state, national, and international regulations or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance with the EPA and/or state and local guidelines.
<u>Packaging</u>	
Special precautions:	DANGER! Rags, steel wool, and other waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded or stored.
Methods of disposal:	To avoid a spontaneous combustion fire, immediately after use place any rags, steel wool, or other waste soaked with this product in a sealed, water-filled, metal container.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT Shipping Name:	Solids containing flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Isopropanol). (Limited quantity).
DOT Hazard Class: DOT Packing Group:	4.1 II
IATA Shipping Name: IATA Hazard Class: IATA Packing Group:	Solids containing flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Isopropanol). 4.1 II
IMDG UN Number: IMDG Shipping Name:	UN 3175 (Limited quantity) Solids containing flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Isopropanol). (Limited quantity).
IMDG Hazard Class:	4.1



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No



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**IMDG Packing Group:** Marine Pollutant:

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Component		Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	
U.S. State Right-to-Know Regul	ations				
California Proposition 65	This	product does not co	ontain any Proposi	ition 65 chemicals	
CERCLA		: Not applicable			
OSHA Occupational Safety and H	ealth Adm	inistration :	Not applicable		
Clean Air Act		: Not applicable			
CWA (Clean Water Act)		: Not applicable			
SARA 311/312 Hazard Categorie	s See	section 2 for more in	nformation		
Acetone:	Listed Chemical.				
EPCRA – 40 CFR Part 372 – Section 313 Isopropyl alcohol:	•	hemical.			
		:41.0			
Dipropylene Glycol Monometi	hyl Ether				
Acetone: Deionized Water:		Listed. Listed.			
Isopropyl Alcohol:		Listed.			
TSCA Inventory Status					
U.S. Federal Regulations					

#### ia Illinois Rhode Island Х Х Х Acetone Х Х Х Isopropyl alcohol -Х **Deionized Water** ---Х Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Х Х -

#### **U.S. Department of Transportation**

Reportable Quantity (RQ)	: N
DOT Marine Pollutant	: N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant	: N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security : This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Acetone	Х	Х	-	200-662-2	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Isopropyl alcohol	Х	Х	-	200-661-7	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Deionized Water	Х	Х	-	231-791-2	-		Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	Х	Х	-	252-104-2	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Legend:

X - Listed

E - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.

F - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.

N - Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the

designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.

P - Indicates a commenced PMN substance

R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.

S - Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule

T - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.

XU - Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).

Y1 - Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.

Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

### Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade

Serious risk, Grade 3





### Canadian Regulations Canada WHMIS:

Controlled – Class: B2 Flammable Liquid Controlled – Class: D2B Toxic

WHMIS Pictograms:



HMIS RATING:

Health = 2 Flammability = 3 Reactivity = 0 Personal Protection = X



# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

 Date Revised:
 02/17/2019

 Date Prepared:
 07/21/2015

### SDS PREPARED BY: Director of Chemical Safety

The information contained herein is based on data available to us and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief. However, Carlisle Fluid Technologies, Inc. makes no representations as to its completeness or accuracy. Information is supplied on condition that persons receiving such information will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will Carlisle Fluid Technologies, Inc. be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon the information contained herein.

\*\*\* END OF SDS \*\*\*

